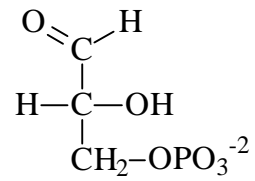




6. ribose-5-phosphate isomerase
  
7. HMG-CoA lyase
  
8. CTP:phosphatidate cytidyl transferase
  
9. carbamoyl phosphate synthetase I
  
10. The standard reduction potential for cytochrome c is +0.254 V while the standard reduction potential for pyruvate/lactate is -0.18 V. Calculate the standard free energy change ( $\Delta G^0$ ) for the reaction below:  
$$2 \text{ cyt } c^{\text{red}} + \text{pyruvate} + 2\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 2 \text{ cyt } c^{\text{ox}} + \text{lactate}$$
  
11. The free energy change ( $\Delta G$ ) for the conversion of PEP to pyruvate is -16.7 kJ/mol. The standard free energy change ( $\Delta G^0$ ) for this same reaction is -31.4 kJ/mol. What is the ratio of PEP to pyruvate that exists for this difference in free energies to occur (assume standard concentration for all other species)?

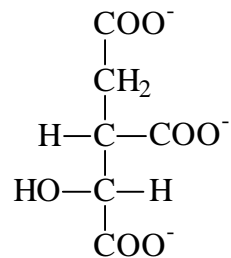


17. Starting with the structure below, draw out the remaining glycolysis reactions, with structures, leading to the formation of pyruvate. Include cofactors and enzymes.



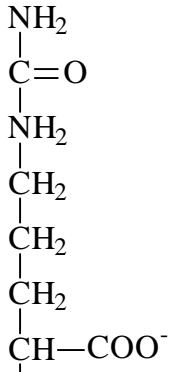
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18. Starting with isocitrate, shown below, draw out the steps, including structures, leading to the formation of malate, either by the citric acid cycle or by the glyoxylate cycle. Include cofactors and enzymes.

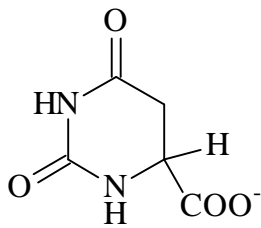


19. Starting with propionyl-CoA, draw out the reactions, including structures, for degradation of odd-numbered fatty acids leading to the formation of succinyl-CoA. Include cofactors and enzymes.
20. Starting with glucose-6-phosphate, draw out the steps, including structures, leading to the formation of ribulose-5-phosphate via the pentose phosphate pathway. Include cofactors and enzymes

21. Starting with citrulline, shown below, draw out the steps of the urea cycle, including structures, leading to the formation of ornithine. Include cofactors and enzymes.



22. Starting with dihydroorotate, shown below, draw out the steps leading to the formation of UMP. Include cofactors and enzymes



23. Starting with adenine, draw out the steps leading to the formation of uric acid.